

# SPORTS



Athletic relay along Sadovoye Ringroad in Moscow.

Photo by Gennady Dubitskiy.

## Sporting season opens in Moscow

In a long-standing tradition, Moscow sportsmen competed, on May 2, in the parks, swimming pools, stadiums, aquatic sport centres, and in relay races in many districts at the start of

the summer sports season in the Soviet capital. The highlight was a relay race along the Sadovoye Ringroad for the prize offered by the "Vechernyaya Moskva" newspaper.

## FOOTBALL NEWS

Brazil Flamingo, Internazionale Cup holders, clinched this year's national title by beating defending champions, Grêmio, 1-0, in an extra time game held at Porto Alegre. The first two games were draws, 1-1 and 0-0.

Spain's Real Sociedad won the national title, edging Bilbao Athletic, 2-1, in the closing round, totalling 47 points from 34 games, two points clear of Barcelona. Madrid Real placed third with 44 points.

Zagreb Dynamo have wrapped up the Yugoslav championship with two rounds yet to go.

Ararat edged Kuban, 2-1, at home to capture the lead in the national football championship, with 11 points from eight matches. Pakhtakor is level with them having drawn, 0-0, with Kutaisi Torpedo, but have a win less. Kalai is in third place.

## KARPOV AND ANDERSSON SHARE TITLE

World champion Anatoly Karpov and Swedish Grandmaster Ulf Andersson came out on top at a big international chess tournament in London with 8.5 points from 13 games each.

Seyrawen, USA, came third with eight points, followed by Portisch, Timman, Spelman and Ljubojevic — seven each, Spaskey and Miles — 6.5, Geller — six, Nuon — 5.5, Meestel and Christensen — five, and Short — 3.5.

## SAILING

Soviet entrants acquitted themselves creditably in the Hyeres annual sailing regatta in France, winning three classes. Tornado helmsman Viktor Potapov, twice world champion and Olympic prize winner, the most illustrious member of the Soviet team, did particularly well winning a special award for the absolutely best performance, amassing only 13

penalty points. He was assisted by sailor Sargat Kuzovov, who was a newcomer to big-time sailing. Another Soviet Tornado steered by Yekov Kilver came third. Sergei Borodnikov's Flying Dutchman breasted the whims of nature to come home first with 17 penalty points from seven races.

## SAFARI MOTOR RALLY: LADA AMONG THE BEST

Kenya-based British driver Shukhar Mehta has won his fifth annual East Africa Safari Rally. He was the first to finish in Nairobi, together with his co-driver Michael Dault, covering a difficult route, over 5,000 kilometres, divided into three stages. The rally set out from Nairobi on April 8.

Of the field of 72 cars dominated by 48 Japanese Datsuns, Toyotas, and Daihatsus, only 21 came to the finish, among them a Soviet Lada-1600, which successfully withstood the heat, water-filled holes and rough terrain of the Kenyan savanna. It was driven by Austrian Rudolf Stoll and Rainhard Kaufmann. Were there any problems with the engine and suspension, a TASS correspondent asked Stoll, who replied: No, the car performed wonderfully, a fact proved by our arrival at the finishing line. Did you use any repair team as, say, the Japanese Datsuns did? No, we made all repairs ourselves, he stressed.

## INFORMATION

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## DANIEL ORTEGA IN USSR

Commandante of the Revolution, Daniel Ortega Saavedra, member of the national leadership of the Sandinista National Liberation Front, coordinator of the leading Council of the Government of National Reconstruction of the Republic of Nicaragua now to charge of a Nicaraguan state delegation on a visit to the USSR, and Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev expressed satisfaction, during the talks in Moscow, with the big progress made in relations between the two countries. They expressed their mutual desire to expand bilateral contacts for the benefit of both peoples.

Discussing the international situation, both sides expressed serious anxiety over mounting international tension and the hazardous situation in some parts of the world resulting from the US imperialist circles' desire to upset the balance of forces in the world, to gain military superiority, erode the positions of world socialism and stir up the chaos made by the national liberation movement.

After the Moscow talks the Nicaraguan delegation set out on a tour of the Soviet country. They were accorded a cordial welcome in Leningrad and Tbilisi.

## GRATITUDE TO THE SOVIET LEADER FOR SUPPORT

New York. It is with gratitude that the public organization, the International Physicians for the Prevention of Nuclear War, met Leonid Brezhnev's reply to the Appeal from the Second Congress of this influential international organization to the heads of states of the USSR and the USA, said Bernard Lown, a co-chairman of the Congress, addressing a press conference in Boston.

The Soviet leader has given a positive response to the Appeal, and his reply gives boost to our movement, he noted, in its Appeal to L. I. Brezhnev and R. Reagan, the Congress pointed to disastrous consequences of

nuclear war, stressing the necessity to exclude the very idea of using nuclear weapons in any form and on any scale, and to seek an eventual elimination of nuclear weapons.

Those who took part in the press conference particularly stressed that the Soviet leader has resolutely rejected the idea that nuclear war could be limited. It was noted with regret at the press conference that so far, the organization had received no reply from president Reagan in response to their Appeal.

## BUSH ARRIVES IN CHINA

Peking. Ronald Reagan, Vice-President of the USA, has started delicate talks with Chinese leaders on Sino-US relations. His discussions with Premier Zhao Ziyang, Vice-Chairman of the Politburo, and other top officials were expected to continue on future US links with Taiwan and in particular Washington's arms sales policy towards the island republic. President Reagan approved the sale of 60 military aircraft worth of military spare parts to Taiwan last month, drawing sharp US criticism.

## FACTS and EVENTS

○ The United States disclosed plans to carry out tests of the A-Sat satellite killer missile this year. The missile will be launched from an F-15 fighter to hit an AVCO spacecraft as a target.

○ Higher pay has been demanded by thousands of employees in the Vatican. Employed in different offices, they held the first demonstration ever in the history of the state.

○ The celebrated New York Madison Square Garden is closing down because of the many losses.

## THEY MADE IT!

Six climbers from the Soviet first Everest expedition have made it to the 8,848-m. high summit in the first days of May, while the rest are waiting for assault. In the past sixty years or so there were hosts of teams struggling to reach the top. All but 25 of them failed. Until recently only six routes were in use, and now the Soviet team have gone up the yet untravelled north-west wall route.

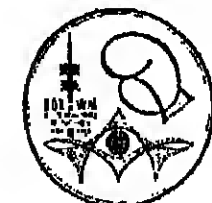


Victor Batyagin, 32-year-old Leningrad engineer, and Muscovite Edward Myslovsky, Candidate of Sciences (Tech.), professor at the Moscow Ba-



manzhinskaya, were the first to make it to the top. On April 28 they left the base camp to lay out a new route up the south-west wall. It took them four days, including the fourth day, and another three to reach the summit. In the fifth day they were out for hundreds of metres, a length of 100-150 metres each. They braved the snowfall, working late into the night. Later, they left the fifth camp at high 4,500 m. at 6.10 a.m. (Continued on page 4)

## BOXING



The USSR line-up now gearing up for the May 4-15 3rd World Championship has the only survivor from the 1978 Belgrade championship, Olympic winner, Shamil Sabirov from Krasnodar (48 kg). Still many of the newcomers are celebrities in their own right, among them European winners Viktor Miroshnichenko from Donetsk (54 kg), Vasily Shilov from Kuzbass (83.5 kg), Serik Kozakbayev from Alma-Ata (67 kg), Muscovite Alexander Koshkin (71 kg), Yuri Torbek from Gomel (75 kg), and Alexander Yagubkin from Donetsk (91 kg). We would like to do no worse in Munich than at the 2nd World Championship, said Soviet coach Artyom Lavrin. Four years ago

our boxers totted up three gold, one silver and two bronze medals, he stressed. Unlike the Olympic boxing tournaments going back to 1904, the history of world championships is a short one. The USSR Boxing Federation, which initiated such tournaments in 1972, also worked out a format for them. Cuba won the first championship in 1974 in Havana and made a repeat performance to the next one; it is also favoured to win the upcoming one along with the USSR, the USA, Bulgaria, Yugoslavia, the GDR, the FRG, and Romania. There will also be strong contenders from Africa and Asia. Altogether around 40 nations are expected to attend.

## ON A MOTORCYCLE FROM THE SKY

More and more record-seekers are attracted by the exciting and dangerous idea of motorized descent from high altitudes. 40-year-old American Jim Davis decided on a combined descent using a plane, a motorcycle and a parachute.

As the altitude for his feat he chose the Mohave Desert. Jim went on board a plane with his motorcycle, and when the plane got to a height of 3,500 metres, he started his motor, dashed off at a speed of 40 kps and then descended on a special parachute.

With the motor still working. On reaching the earth, he continued his journey on the motorcycle until it stopped, thus making another world record. By accomplishing his feat, taking enterprise, Jim Davis has become the first man on earth riding a motorcycle. Photo TASS



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## USSR AND ITS ALLIES HAVE MORE REASONS TO FEAR AMERICA AND NATO

Berkeley, California. The US government is deceiving the American people seeking to attain a military and strategic superiority over the USSR, said Professor J. Holdren of the University of California, who is Vice-President of the Federation of American Scientists.

Addressing a conference held on the initiative of the organization of Physicians for Social Responsibility, he said an analysis of the alignment of strategic forces and the overall balance of forces between NATO and the Warsaw Treaty show

that the USSR and its allies have more reasons to fear the United States and NATO than the other way round.

Centimo American interests require a reorientation of the policy of the first nuclear strike, a withdrawal of American nuclear weapons from Europe which has been converted into a powder keg and a future theatre of a "limited" nuclear war, and a freeze on the development, production and deployment of new types of nuclear weapons.



In his elements...

Drawing by Igor Smirnov

## WHAT CAUSED RECENT STREET DISORDERS IN POLISH CITIES

Warsaw. The session of the Polish parliament heard C. Kiezak, Minister of Internal Affairs, reporting on the street disorders here and a number of other Polish cities on May 3.

Regrettably, said the minister, the groups that were rampant in the streets of some cities, especially in Warsaw, were highly aggressive, and 51 militiamen were wounded, 271 persons were injured in Warsaw. They are the initiators and particularly aggressive violators of peace.

The events, said the minister, were inspired by the enemies of socialism who openly show their hostile attitudes. The outside support which the enemies of socialism receive, the actions of radio free Europe are no longer just a "blindfolded political propaganda". This radio station not

only sends instructions about conspiracy but also details scripts on organizing disorders.

The offensive against our socialist state is detected in the first place by the fear least the tension in Poland should subside, while the enemies' chances of influencing the situation in the country grow slimmer. They do not like sensational headlines on Poland disappearing from the Western press. Or it may be that our problems are meant to serve as a screen to put the background the shameful Polesian conflict or some other colonial actions. Such is the underlying cause of the street disorders in Polish cities. Such is their internal and external mechanism.

## NATO'S FABRICATION

Brussels. NATO Secretary-General J. Luns has held a press conference at NATO Headquarters in Brussels to present a new booklet on the alignment of forces between NATO and the Warsaw Treaty. He said the booklet was a result of six months of preparatory work and that it expressed the views of the 14 NATO countries. Although the document claims to be objective, it is full of tendentious and incorrect statements and figures.

It describes as "measures of containment" forced on NATO the aggressive preparations by the bloc including the decision to deploy new American medium-range nuclear missiles in Europe. It makes no mention of the production of the neutron weapons started in the United States, nor of the expanded manufacture of chemical agents designed to be used to a "limited" war in Europe. Neither do the authors say anything about the commonly known facts about the first-strike capability created by NATO, or

about the adopted by Washington directives immediately in preparation for war to the European "theatre".

No more objectivity is there about NATO's assessment of the actual alignment of forces in Europe. Who needs these inventions and the balancing act with figures? It is easy to answer this question. NATO is seriously worried by the growing resistance in Europe and the United States to NATO's insane plans. The scale of the anti-war protest and the public demand that the dangerous arms race should be abandoned and that reductions in nuclear arsenals should be really started have become a serious obstacle for the militarists. In order to scale down the wave of the protests NATO has decided to undertake this propaganda operation and to produce the fabrications about the "defenceless" alliance and the "Soviet threat" hanging over Europe.

## PALESTINIANS FIGHT ON

Beirut. Reports coming from the West Bank and the Gaza Strip are continuing their struggle to resist the campaign of terror and reprisals. The WAPA news agency says that massive anti-Israeli demonstrations took place some days ago in Nablu, Ramallah and other cities.

This wave of protests has been caused by the decision of the Israeli Knesset to stop dismantling Israeli settlements on the West Bank and in the Gaza Strip. This act of blatant violation of international law led to the Israeli's plans to perpetuate its control of the occupied Arab territories in defiance of the international protests.

## BATTLE IN MORAZAN

Sau Salvador. The troops of the pro-American puppet regime have suffered a major defeat in the department of Morazan where they tried to destroy a large group of insurgents. According to the Venceremos guerrilla radio, the junta lost 21 men either killed or severely wounded and large quantities of military equipment.

## 'AID PROGRAMME' CONDEMNED

Tripoli. Participants of the African economy and planning ministerial conference here have condemned the "aid programme" prepared by the World Bank for the "development of Africa countries south of the Sahara". The aim of the programme, which was prepared in Washington and reflects the interests of the imperialist states, consists in dividing artificially African countries according to a geographical criterion and in creating more barriers in the way of closer cooperation between the states of the continent, says a special declaration adopted by the conference.

One of the top priority tasks was seen by the conference to be the need for an elaboration and adoption of a single economic strategy, preparation of joint development programmes, coordination of plans in economy, science, technology and trade, building joint projects, wider use of own resources.

## ITALY: CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS ELECT NEW LEADER

Rome. Ruter-TASS. The Italian Christian Democratic Party elected a new leader in an effort to reassert its dominant position in the country's post-war politics.

Ciriaco De Mita, 54, a lawyer from the Naples hinterland, was elected to the powerful post of party secretary with the solid support of left-wing and centrist party factions at the Christian Democratic Party congress in Rome.

Like other party secretaries in Italian politics, De Mita will have no direct role in government but will have the decisive voice in party policy and appointments.

Political analysts said the new leader would continue the party's traditional role of a "balance" between the Christian Democrats and the

## V-Day commemorated

"The Great Patriotic War as seen by photographers and artists" is an exhibit now in the Exhibition Hall of the Moscow Joint Committee of graphic artists at 28 Malaya Gruzinskaya St. It features over 200 items by major Soviet war photo reporters and artists. Many of them are well known to viewers in this country and abroad, reflecting the unmatched exploit of the Soviet people in their struggle with fascism. They also captured scenes from the battles of war veterans.

Alexander GERINAS



Vsevolod Hald. "At the Potsdam Conference. Stalin, Truman and Churchill".



Mark Redko. "The Banner of Victory". "The End".

## FACTS AND EVENTS

Q A nationwide opinion poll sponsored by "The Washington Post" and the ABC television network has shown that 71 per cent of all Americans favour freezing nuclear arsenals.

Q For the first time after ten years, a meeting has been held by the Franco-Israeli Economic Commission. The decision to resume the activities of the commission, suspended on the initiative of France in protest against the Israeli government's policies, was taken during the recent visit by President P. Mitterrand to Israel.

Q It costs the Japanese taxpayers one thousand million dollars a year to maintain the American troops and bases in Japan, the newspaper "Mainichi" reports.

## CIA and the 'yellow rain' in Indochina

Bangkok. The local press carries the story of American Scott Barnes who was sent to Laos by American secret services. Barnes said that the CIA had prepared an operation for secret poisoning of agents into the territories of Laos and Kampuchea. The tasks of the first group of agents included bringing to Indochina and spreading the chemical "yellow rain" in order to supply "material evidence" of use of poisonous agents by the Soviet Union and Vietnam, US-made chemicals were taken for the purpose.

It was decided to kill the "yellow rain" distributors so that the criminal operation remained secret. The CIA equipped a

second "expedition" for this, the one which included Barnes. Last October the group mainly consisting of Mao tribesmen crossed the Mekong River into Laos. They were sent by former Laotian general Vang Pao who helped the USA in their aggression to Indochina.

After having crossed into the Laotian territory the agents, however, refused to carry out their orders. Washington's unseemly act has become publicly known.

## Jadeite wars

More than four thousand years ago, Chinese emperors began to decorate their palaces with works of art made of jadeite, a stone found in the jungles in the north of Burma. Confucius regarded it as the symbol of the best human qualities.

Today, blood is shed over jadeite quarried in the notorious Golden Triangle where there are bases of the pro-Peking separatist and remnants of the Kuomintang troops thrown out of China. Frequent wars between these gangs are now fought not only over opium but also over jadeite.

Part of jadeite is smuggled into China, say rebels from the so-called "Kachin" Independence Army who have surrounded the Burmese authorities, an Associated Press correspondent reports from Bangkok.

Jadeite is of course not used to decorate new buildings in Peking. Indeed, they are sold on international markets including Hong Kong. The money paid for them is spent to maintain pro-Peking splinter groups in South East Asia.

## FROM THE SOVIET PRESS

### WHO UNCHAINED THE BRITISH TASK FORCE?

For three weeks, Washington was trying to secure freedom of action for itself in the South Atlantic in the process of the so-called peace initiative by Secretary of State Hall, writes Yuri Buzinov in IZVESTIA. When it became clear that Buenos Aires did not want to make a deal on the terms proposed by Washington and London, the British task force passed for attack of the Falkland Islands (Islas Malvinas) was let loose. Buenos Aires has shown no desire to yield to pressure either in the creation of SATO, or in the issue of sovereignty over the Falkland Islands (Malvinas), the author writes. On his part, London has offered the Pentagon a right to set up a base on the Ascension Island and has handed over to Washington the island of Diego Garcia, which it wrested from Mauritius for the Americans to build a strategic military base there. Therefore, Washington is confident that it Britain will lack the Falkland Islands (Malvinas) from Argentina, London would be ready to "concede" the islands to the Pentagon.

### WHO KILLED PIO LA TORRE?

Mafia carried out an order from without, writes V. Ageyev in KOMSOMOLSKAYA PRAVDA concerning the killing in Palermo of Pio La Torre, member of the Italian Communist Party's leadership and member of parliament. Being a member of the parliamentary commission investigating Mafia activity in Sicily, writes Ageyev, Pio La Torre had done much in this field. Mafia had enough reasons to do away with him. But why now?

The mass campaign conducted by furious protesting over plans to turn Sicily into a launching pad for new American missiles has been getting recently on the nerves of NATO generals and politicians, writes the author. Pio La Torre was one of the leaders of the campaign. This is it—he stood not only in Mafia's way!

Whole columns have already been written about Mafia connections with the CIA as well as the right extrajudicial and ultra-legal organizations in Italy. Even former CIA chief William Colby admitted to a US Congress commission investigating CIA activities that his agency cultivated relations with Mafia for "operational purposes". Isn't the killing of Pio La Torre one of such "operations"?

The function of the "Soviet threat" myth is to give free reign to the military-industrial complex and thus to artificial barriers to selling the arms limitation issue. This is a social order by military business to the dependent media, the article emphasizes.

### GROWING THREAT IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Tel Aviv is making open preparations for a big war, writes Vitaly Kobysh in LITERATURNAYA GAZETA. An attack against South Lebanon is to be the first stage, and, for from being concealed, it is even advertised.

Having solved nothing, the Camp David process, whose momentum has been spent, has created an even more dangerous situation which imperialism, with help from Israel, intends to manage of its own—and nobody else's—discretion. The Middle East has been brought to a state of a still greater tension and to the threshold of a war whose consequences can become tragic for the whole world, remarks the author.

We do not conceal, the paper stresses, that we view these irresponsible policies pursued by the United States and Israel as a direct threat to our own country, whose southern borders and the borders of the nearest states in the region are at no more than 200 to 300 kilometers. What the strategists in Washington see as part of their geopolitical game is an acceleration of the peace and security of the peoples of the Soviet Union and its nearest neighbours. Neither do we intend to take an indifferent view of a centre of war being started in this area and whole nations becoming victims to violence verging on genocide perpetrated there along with a murder of common sense. This sense we have not lost.

## Science and technology

### 'GLASS' BRIDGE

The first "glass" bridge in the world has been designed in Bulgaria to link both banks of the Nisheva River. Its spans are made of superstrong fibre glass plastic. During tests, the model of the bridge withstood a load of 1,200 tonnes.

### BIG COLLECTION

There are now a half million plants with samples of plants in the herbarium collected by the Friedrich Schiller University in Jena. It is the biggest botanical collection in the GDR. It contains samples of plants from all the continents which is of great help

## Science and technology

In research carried out by botanists in the GDR and other countries, last year alone, more than 15 thousand of species from the herbarium were sent by University to foreign scientists.

### MALARIA STILL DANGEROUS

Malaria is still widely spread in the tropics. The problem of its treatment and prevention is the topic for investigation by scientists from Papua New Guinea and Australia, who intend to develop immunity against the disease in humans. The magazine "The Pacific Islands" writes that their research has already led to evidence. Nevertheless, it will take about ten years more before their work is completed.

## COMPUTER

### REPLACES CLERKS

A recently designed computer can replace a great number of employees at hotels, writes the "Jeune Afrique" magazine. The computer can make a reservation of a hotel room, take orders for arriving guests in their rooms, answer numerous questions from the guests and write out bills for the services rendered.

### POWERFUL ROBOT

The British firm of Lamberton is to design a robot for steel works and other industries, writes "The New Scientist" of London. It will be able to hold and move objects weighing up to 4.5 tonnes. It is to be one of the most powerful industrial robots in the world.

## VIEWPOINT

## NUCLEAR DISARMAMENT: REAL AND FALSE AVENUES

Two opposite approaches to nuclear disarmament have now crystallized in the current international discussion. The proponents of one of them argue that there are more than enough nuclear weapons in storage today to exterminate all life on this planet, which naturally makes nuclear war a nonsensical and fatal proposition for any country and people against which such weapons might be used.

The other approach advocated by Washington emphasizes the "insufficiency" of American nuclear potential and calls for either new ambitious programmes for hoarding this potential or unilateral Soviet disarmament.

The Soviet Union shares the anxiety of the world public opinion over continued rampant arms race and says it is ready to reach the most radical agreements to this end with other nations. Confirming this stand, Leonid Brezhnev stressed the other day that none other than the USSR has repeatedly proposed setting up nuclear-free zones and reducing Europe of both medium-range and tactical nuclear weapons. But Moscow stresses in this respect that there are things that just cannot be substituted for one another. Concerning,

say, the road rather than false "zero option" in Europe, it must be made clear that this should be achieved through mutual drastic zero-level reductions rather than through some "dual solutions" based on double standards, i.e. acquiring unilateral advantages at the expense of the Soviet Union's security.

Compliance with the principles of parity and equal security are central to any stage of limitation and curtailments of armaments. Assuming this is an axiom, it is banal and indisputable that the sides involved must be of one in viewing the unleashing of nuclear war as plain inconceivable and reliance on achievement of nuclear arms superiority as sheer madness.

But the very conduct of US politicians and strategists leads people to strongly suspect that they are covertly working to achieve such superiority whatever the price. Significantly, former US ambassador to the USSR Thomas W. Watson admitted recently that he and other American experts on relations with the Soviet Union frequently find themselves "victims" of the Americans' superiority as the critical guarantee of security.

This is strikingly indicative of

Spartak BEGLOV



the ingrained reluctance within the US power structure to acknowledge parity with the Soviet Union and to proceed from parity, i.e. respect of equality and equal security for the other side, in its talks with the USSR.

There is now more talk in this respect in the USA about the ill-fated SALT-2 treaty, specifically about its advantages. Several leading columnists with influential local papers, Senator Gary Hart, Representative Las Aspin and others recently came out in support of the treaty. As Las Aspin pointed out, the treaty might be instrumental in achieving far more than simple freezing of weapons.

Looking back with regret, sensible Americans also find something to reproach themselves with: indeed, within two and a half years ago the treaty was being picked to pieces by the "hawks", the US public opinion kept silence.

But who is primarily responsible for the missed opportunities? Precisely those American strategists averse to the idea that according to the SALT agreements the USA would have to recognize the need for dealing with the USSR on an equal footing. Today, in the midnight of Washington is seen the justifi-

its refusal to ratify the SALT-2 treaty by alleging US inferiority in arms vis-à-vis the USSR. But the important thing is that the treaty was specifically meant to deprive either side of any advantages. Leonid Brezhnev declared last year that since the signing of the treaty in 1979 the Soviet Union made no changes in its strategic arms to alter the rough parity that had been achieved. The White House and the Pentagon are well aware of this and still are rushing ahead with fresh military programmes.

All this holds the US ruling circles doubly responsible for wrecking the SALT-2 treaty and for giving a new twist to the nuclear arms race.

One can arrive at the following conclusion in seeking the way out of the Washington-created deadlock and a halt to the arms race. That freezing of nuclear arsenals is now as urgent as never before and that neither the freezing nor (and even more so) reduction of these arsenals is possible without fundamental agreement specifying parity and the balance of both sides' interests and consequently clearing the way for further joint moves to cut back armaments.

For all sensible people the restoration of the SALT process is an imperative. As regards the Soviet Union, it has consistently upheld an immediate resumption of the SALT talks to preserve all the positive aspects of the SALT-2 treaty and has equally advocated real limitation and curtailment of armaments on the basis of parity and equal security. What is needed is business-like and level-headed negotiations rather than cheap propaganda.







